

# **ADVISORY AND EXPLORATORY PROGRAM**

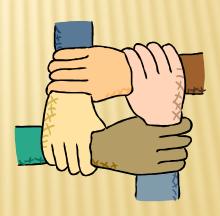
An update on Memorial Middle School's program to connect students, to engage students, and to create a more robust school culture.

November 3, 2014

#### WHAT IS ADVISORY?

#### **Primary Reason:**

Advisory is a program where every child is connected to an adult that knows that child well.



## WHAT IS ADVISORY?

#### Secondary Reasons:

- Engage students in their education.
- Create a more robust school culture.
- Explore important topics not necessarily found in the curriculum.

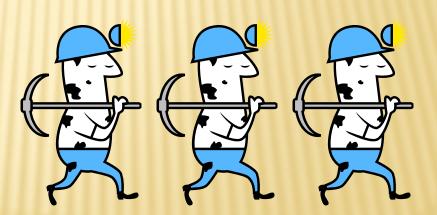


#### WHY DO WE NEED ADVISORY?

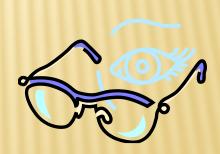
- The onset of adolescence is difficult!
  - Brain development
  - Hormones
- School disengagement frequently begins in Middle School.
- Prevent children from "slipping through the cracks."

# **PREPARATION**

- Faculty Meetings
- NELMS Conference
- Summer Seminar
- PLC Time Ongoing



- Students meet twice a week with their teacher/advisor.
- Teachers lead students through a series of preplanned activities supporting a particular theme.



#### Themes

- September Getting to know you and me
- October Leadership
- November Communication
- December Generosity
- January The Media
- February Hero's, Heroine's, and Role Models
- March Global Awareness
- April Environmental Awareness
- May THE FUTURE!!



- Grade Check-ins
- Friendly Competitions
  - Stop and Shop A+
  - Box Tops
  - Shoes



During one advisory period, students completed several different learning style inventories to explore how they and their peers learn best.

#### Learning Style Inventory

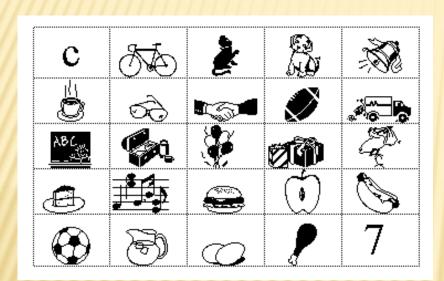
To gain a better understanding of yourself as a learner, you need to evaluate the way you prefer to learn or process information. By doing so, or you will be able to develop strategies which will enhance your learning potential. The following evaluation is a short, quick way of assessing your learning style. No studies have validated this inventory. Its main benefit is to get you to think about yourself, to consider learning atternatives: not will reside the processing you.

Answer each question honestly.

Instructions: Click on the appropriate button after each statement. After answering all questions, click on the Determine Style button below.

#### **Learning Styles Inventory**

Questions	Seldom	Sometimes	Often
${\bf 1.}~{\bf I}$ can remember more about a subject through the lecture method with information, explanations and discussion.	0	0	0
2. I prefer information to be presented the use of visual aids.	0	0	0
3. I like to write things down or to take notes for visual review.	0	0	0
<ol> <li>I prefer to make posters, physical models, or actual practice and some activities in class.</li> </ol>	0	0	0
5. I require explanations of diagrams, graphs, or visual directions.	0	0	0
6. I enjoy working with my hands or making things.	0	0	0
7. I am skillful with and enjoy developing and making graphs and charts.	0	0	0
8. I can tell if sounds match when presented with pairs of sounds.	0	0	0
9. I remember best by writing things down several times.	0	0	0
10. I can understand and follow directions on maps.	0	0	0
11. I do better at academic subjects by listening to lectures and tapes as opposed to reading a textbook. $ \\$	0	0	0
12. I play with coins or keys in pockets.	0	0	0
13. I learn to spell better by repeating the words out loud than by writing the word on papers.	0	0	0
I.d. It was bottom and entered a manus antide by smaller about it in the same than by			



A memory game. Students worked in small groups trying to figure out the best way to memorize a selection of unrelated items. The final puzzle had only words and did not contain pictures. Students had to devise a new way to learn this list. After the activity, teachers initiated a discussion on how to we learn as part of the theme "Getting you Know you and me."

Each Advisory, through a series of activities, created a poster that identifies each student. The group also identified "norms of behavior" to agree on how they wanted to be treated and how they will treat others.





Students formed small groups and worked to turn a classmate into a mummy. What was the point? After the fun, the teacher led a discussion about decision making and leadership.

The Human Knot Game. Students form a circle and grab the hands of the students on the other side of the circle. Then they have to untie the knot. After the activity, the teacher leads a discussion about decision making and leadership.



# THE FUTURE??

- Expand the number of days?
- Expand to include RTI (Response to Intervention)?
- Tie themes into school based activities?
- Fundraising?

